Today's Lesson: I will learn how to solve two-step equations by rearranging formulas.

Warm-up 10 mins: Solve the following equations

Solve each equation for x. For part c, remember a variable symbol, like a, b, and c, represents a number.

a. $2x - 6 = 10$	Justify:
b. $-3x - 3 = -12$	Justify:
c. $ax - b = c$	Justify:
c. $ax-b=c$	Justify:
c. $ax - b = c$	Justify:
c. $ax - b = c$	Justify:
c. $ax - b = c$	Justify:
c. $ax - b = c$ d. $ax - b = c$ Solve for a	Justify: Justify:
c. $ax - b = c$ d. $ax - b = c$ Solve for a	Justify: Justify:
c. $ax - b = c$ d. $ax - b = c$ Solve for a	Justify: Justify:
c. $ax - b = c$ d. $ax - b = c$ Solve for a	Justify: Justify:

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Timer: 5 mins: Solve each problem in two ways. *First*, substitute the given values and solve for the given variable. <u>Then</u>, solve for the given variable and substitute the given values.

1. The area formula for a triangle is $A = \frac{1}{2}bh$, where <i>A</i> represents the area, <i>b</i> represents the length of the base and <i>h</i> represents the height. Calculate <i>b</i> when <i>A</i> = 100 and <i>h</i> = 20.
Show your work!
$2(1+\infty)$
2. The perimeter formula for a rectangle is $p = 2(l + w)$ where p represents the perimeter, l represents the length, and w represents the width. Calculate l when $p = 70$ and $w = 15$.
Show your work!
3. Solve for x, when variables are on both sides of the equation. 3x + 4 = 6 - 5x